## Partial Synthesis of Gibberellin $A_{15}$ Norketone from 7-Hydroxykaurenolide

By B. E. CROSS\* and I. L. GATFIELD

(Department of Organic Chemistry, The University, Leeds LS2 9]T)

Summary The structure of gibberellin  $A_{15}$  has been confirmed by the synthesis of gibberellin  $A_{15}$  norketone from the more readily available 7-hydroxykaurenolide.

GIBBERELLIN A15, a minor metabolite of Gibberella fujikuroi, was tentatively assigned<sup>1</sup> the structure (1). More recently, the structure (4) of gibberellin  $A_{24}$  was derived,<sup>2</sup> and rests, in part, upon that of gibberellin A<sub>15</sub>. We describe a partial synthesis of gibberellin  $A_{15}$  norketone (2) from 7-hydroxykaurenolide<sup>3</sup> (7), which not only rigorously establishes the structure and stereochemistry of gibberellin  $A_{15}$ , and therefore also of gibberellin  $A_{24}$ , but makes the former available for further study.

7-Hydroxykaurenolide was transformed<sup>4</sup> into the aldehydo-acid (5), which, after reduction with sodium borohydride to the alcohol  $(6)^{\dagger}$  and oxidation of the latter with osmium tetroxide-sodium metaperiodate, yielded the nor-ketone (8). The acetate (9) of the norketone (8) was converted into the amide (10) and the latter was photolysed<sup>5</sup> in benzene in the presence of lead tetra-acetate and iodine. Isolation of the lactonic product in the usual way<sup>5</sup> afforded the gummy lactone (3), which on oxidation with Jones' reagent gave the acid (2), m.p. 260-264° (decomp.),  $\tau$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 8.81 (s, 1 $\beta$ -methyl), 7.70 and 7.17 (AB quartet, J 13 Hz, 10,10a-protons), 5.91 and 5.52 (AB quartet, J 13 Hz, -CH2-O-). The acid was identical (m.p., i.r., and mass spectrum) with a specimen of gibberellin  $A_{15}$  norketone prepared by oxidation of gibberellin  $A_{15}$  with osmium tetroxide-sodium metaperiodate.



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† All new compounds gave satisfactory elemental analyses, or accurate masses, and spectral data consistent with their structures.

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